

$$\begin{array}{r} 47.5 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline 1900 \end{array}$$

← decimal

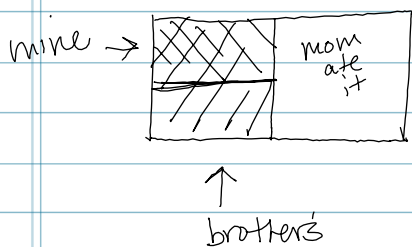
est \downarrow
 $\frac{1}{2}$ of 50 \approx 25

$$47\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{4}{10}$$

$$\overset{19}{\cancel{95}} \times \frac{4^2}{\cancel{10}_2} = \frac{38}{2} = \textcircled{19}$$

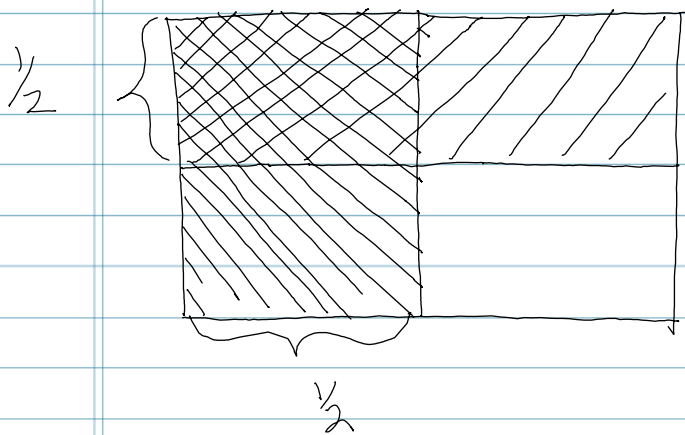
Mult. fraction = smaller product

① $\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{4}$



$$\frac{1}{2} \text{ of } \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{4}$$

array model



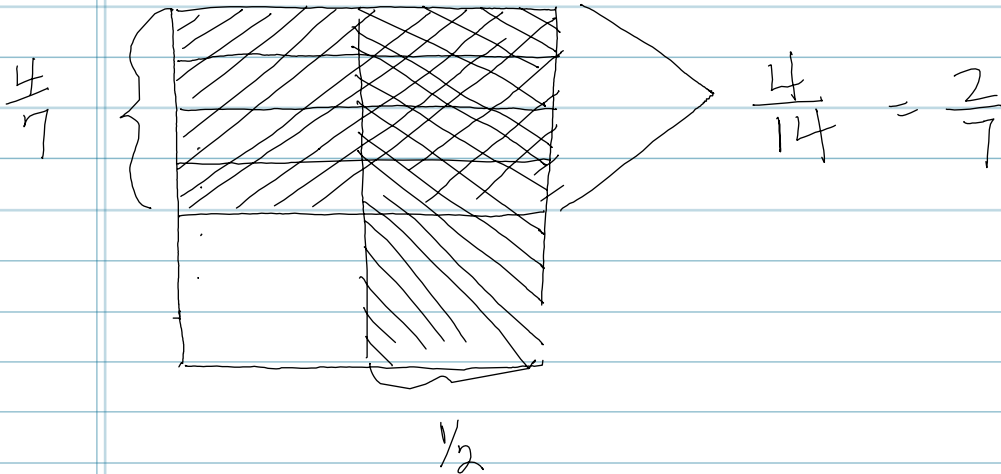
product =
intersection

* in models of division, the fraction will be of the divisor, not the whole.

* model is very dependent on context.

9/25

$$\frac{4}{7} \text{ of } \frac{1}{2} = \frac{2}{7}$$



Explain the array model of multiplying fractions. Use a photo in your text.

p.300

8 \times $\frac{2}{5}$

$$\frac{8}{1} \times \frac{2}{5} = \frac{16}{5} = 3\frac{1}{5}$$

6) Corey needs 24 bds \downarrow (47½ each)

④ $4\frac{3}{4} \times 2\frac{1}{8}$

$$\frac{19}{4} \times \frac{17}{8} = \frac{323}{32} = 10\frac{3}{32}$$

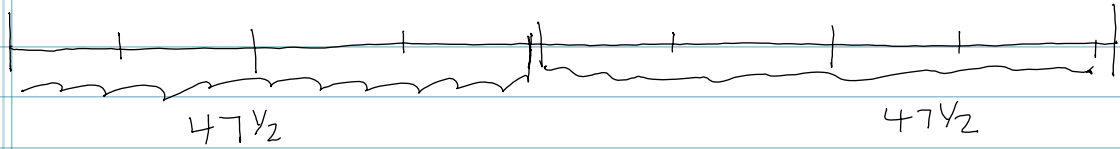
- ⑥
- 47½
 - 47½
 - 47½
 - 47½
 - 47½
 - 47½
 - 47½
 - 47½

$$47\frac{1}{2} \times 24$$
$$\frac{95}{2} \times \frac{24}{1} = \frac{1140}{1}$$

1,140 inches

$$\begin{array}{r} 95 \\ 12 \\ \hline 190 \\ 950 \\ \hline 1140 \end{array}$$

$$12 \overline{)1140} \quad (95 \text{ ft})$$



$$8 \text{ ft} = \$12$$

$$10 \text{ ft} = \$13$$

p.301

3 ft board into $\frac{1}{2}$ ft pieces

→

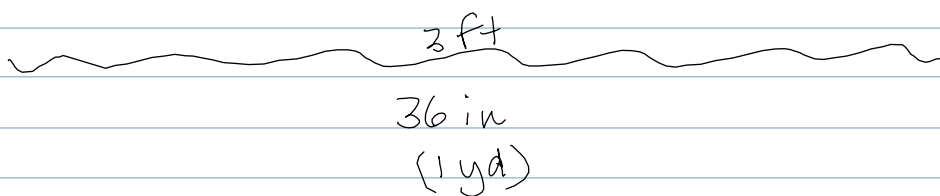
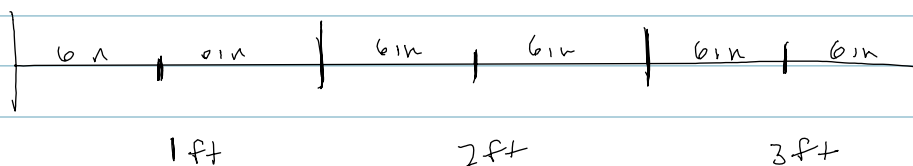
Wrong:

$$3 \div \frac{1}{2} =$$

$$3 * 2 = 6$$

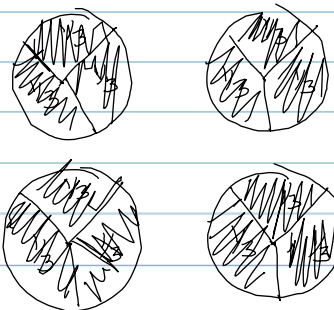
$$3 \div 2 = 1\frac{1}{2}$$

$$3 * \frac{1}{2}$$



p.302

$$4 \div \frac{2}{3} = 6$$



NOT

$$4 * \frac{2}{3} = \frac{8}{3} = 2\frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{12}{3} = 4$$

Color code

green = Jaylyn

blue = William

yellow = Jessica

orange = Miru

brown = Sagaia

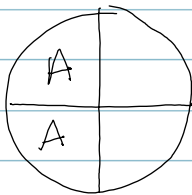
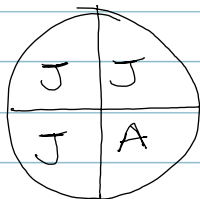
purple = Luva

algorithm

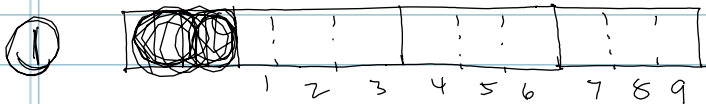
$$4 \div \frac{2}{3}$$

$$4 \times \frac{3}{2} = \frac{12}{2} = \textcircled{6}$$

p302 $2 \div \frac{3}{4} = 2\frac{2}{3}$



p303



$$3 \div \frac{1}{3} = 9$$

$$\frac{3}{1} \times \frac{3}{1} = \frac{9}{1} = 9$$

HW p. 303-304 (all)